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Create a new login authentication and user authorization using MS SQL Server

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Safet Jahaj, Adjunct Lecturer

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MS SQL Server supports two authentication modes

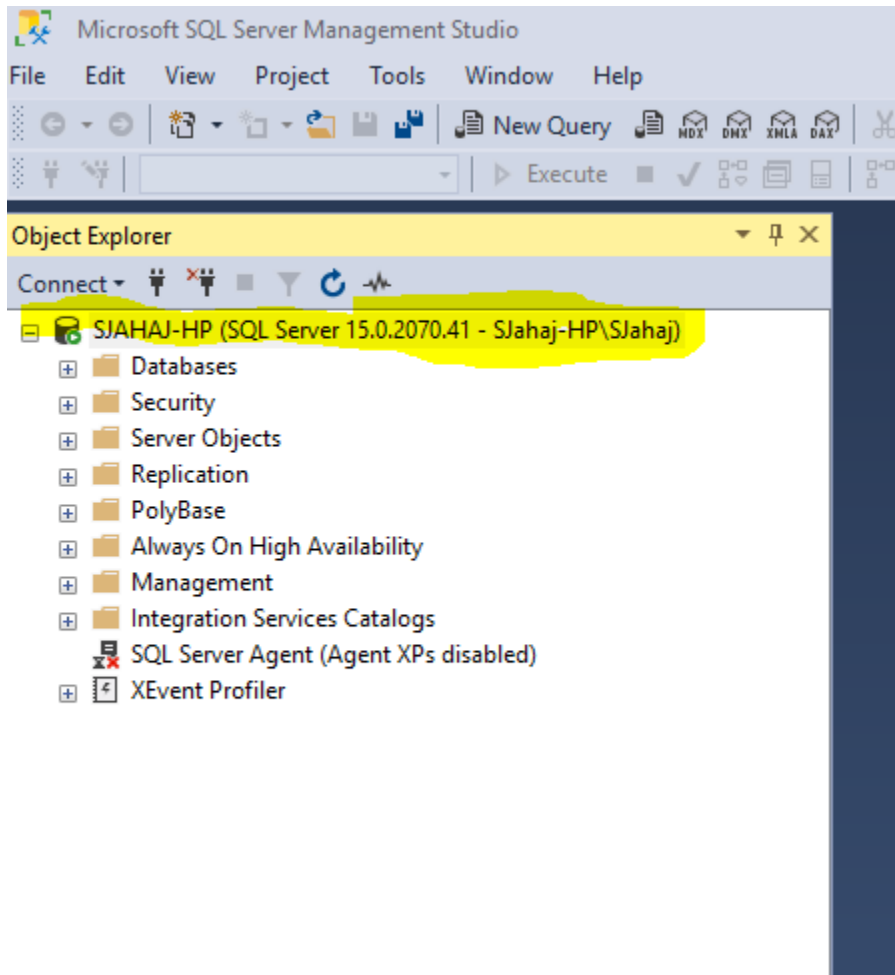
- Windows authentication (default)
- Mixed (Windows authentication and SQL Server authentication)

This document describes the steps on creating a new login authentication using the mixed mode, and adding user authorizations.

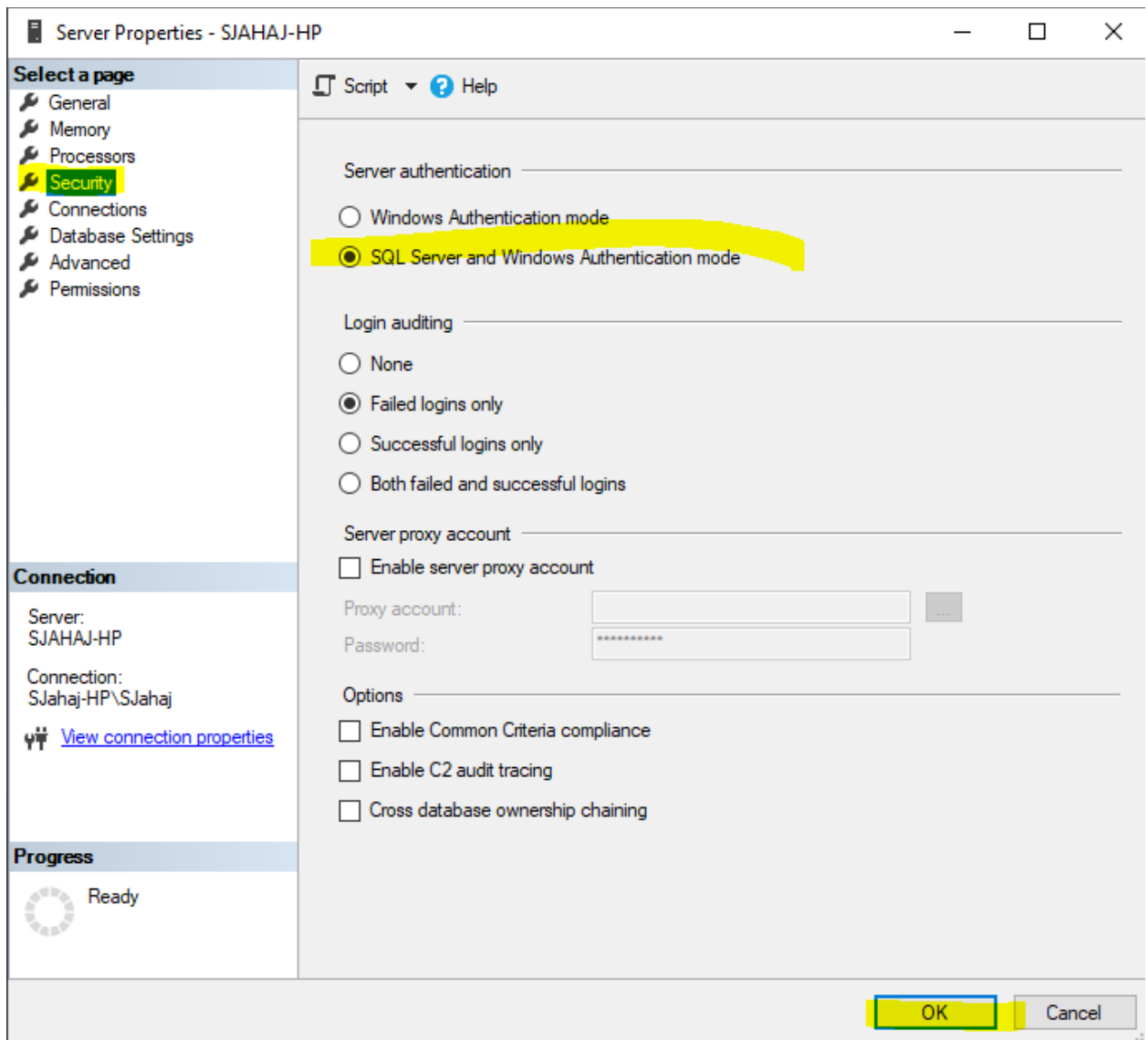
MS SQL Server Management Studio is used in the first part to complete the task, whereas in the second part the DDL (Data Definition Language) and DCL (Data Control Language) commands are used to create a new login authentication and add user authorizations.

Part I

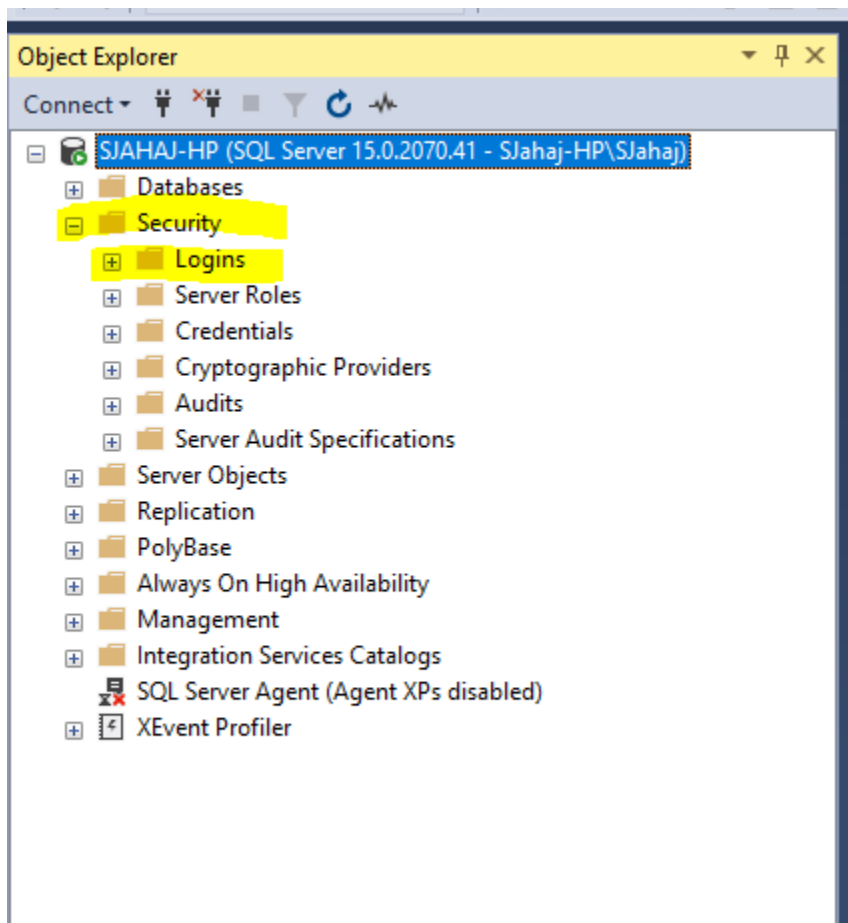
1. Launch Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio
2. In the Object Explorer, right click on the server name, then go to Properties



3. Change the server authentication mode to mixed (SQL Server and Windows Authentication mode), then click OK



4. Expand Security, right click on Logins, then select New Login ...



5. Enter the login name, select SQL Server authentication, enter a temporary password, then click OK

Login - New

Select a page

- General
- Server Roles
- User Mapping
- Securables
- Status

Script Help

Login name: Search...

Windows authentication

SQL Server authentication

Password:

Confirm password:

Specify old password

Old password:

Enforce password policy

Enforce password expiration

User must change password at next login

Mapped to certificate

Mapped to asymmetric key

Map to Credential Add

Credential	Provider
------------	----------

Remove

Default database:

Default language:

OK Cancel

Connection

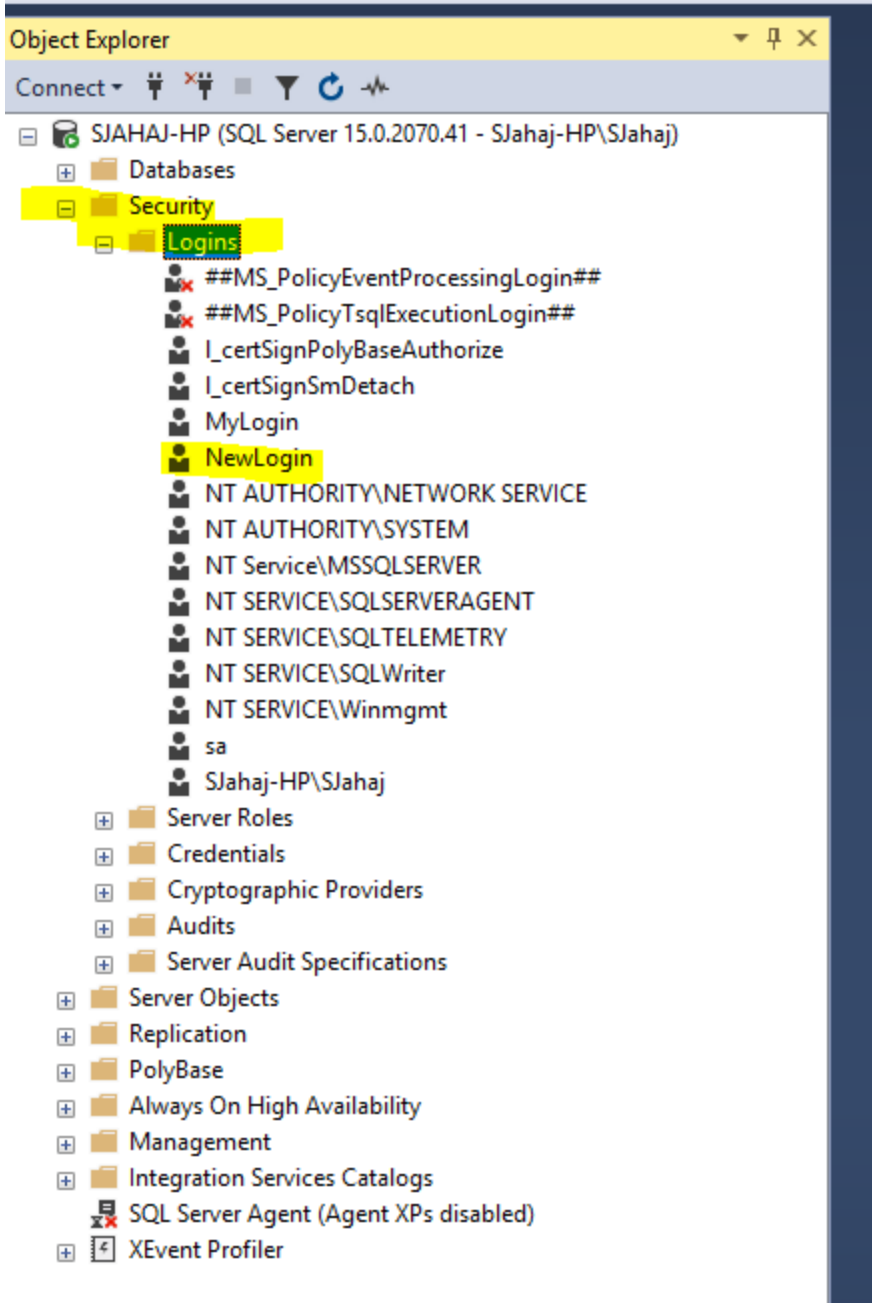
Server: SJAHAJ-HP

Connection: SJahaj-HP\SJahaj

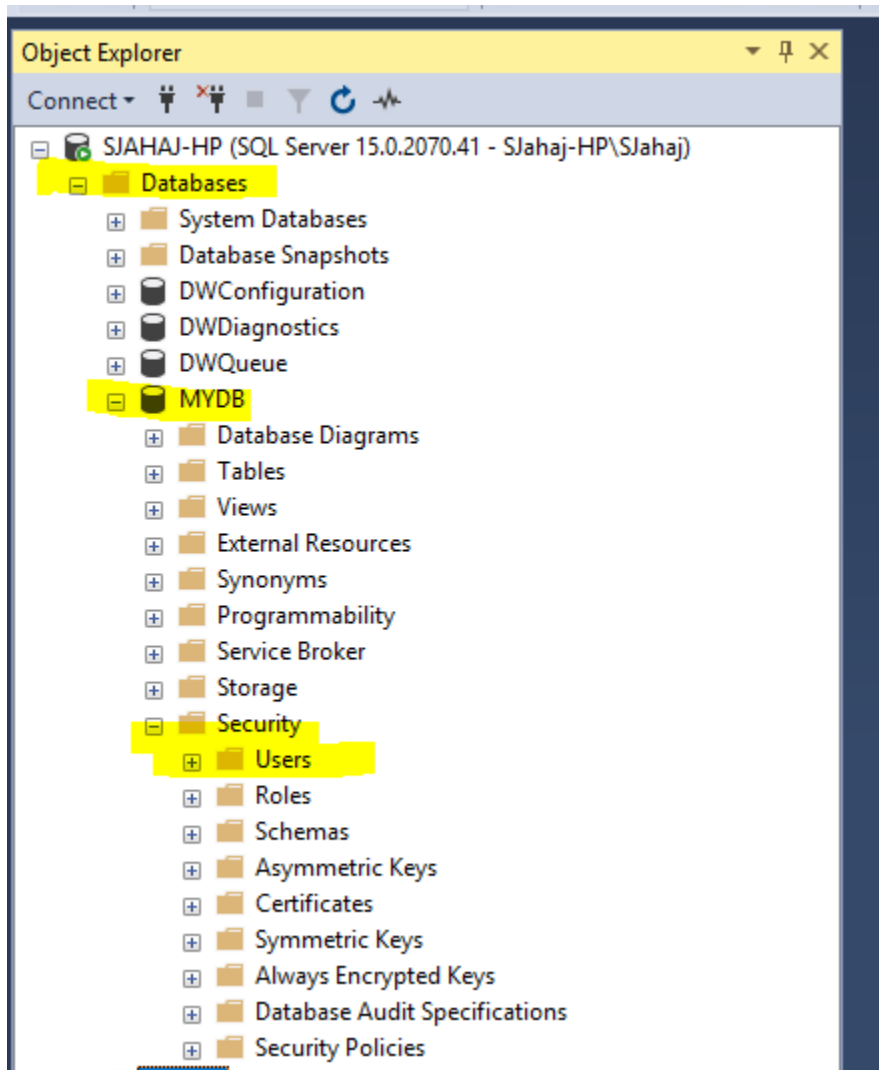
[View connection properties](#)

Progress

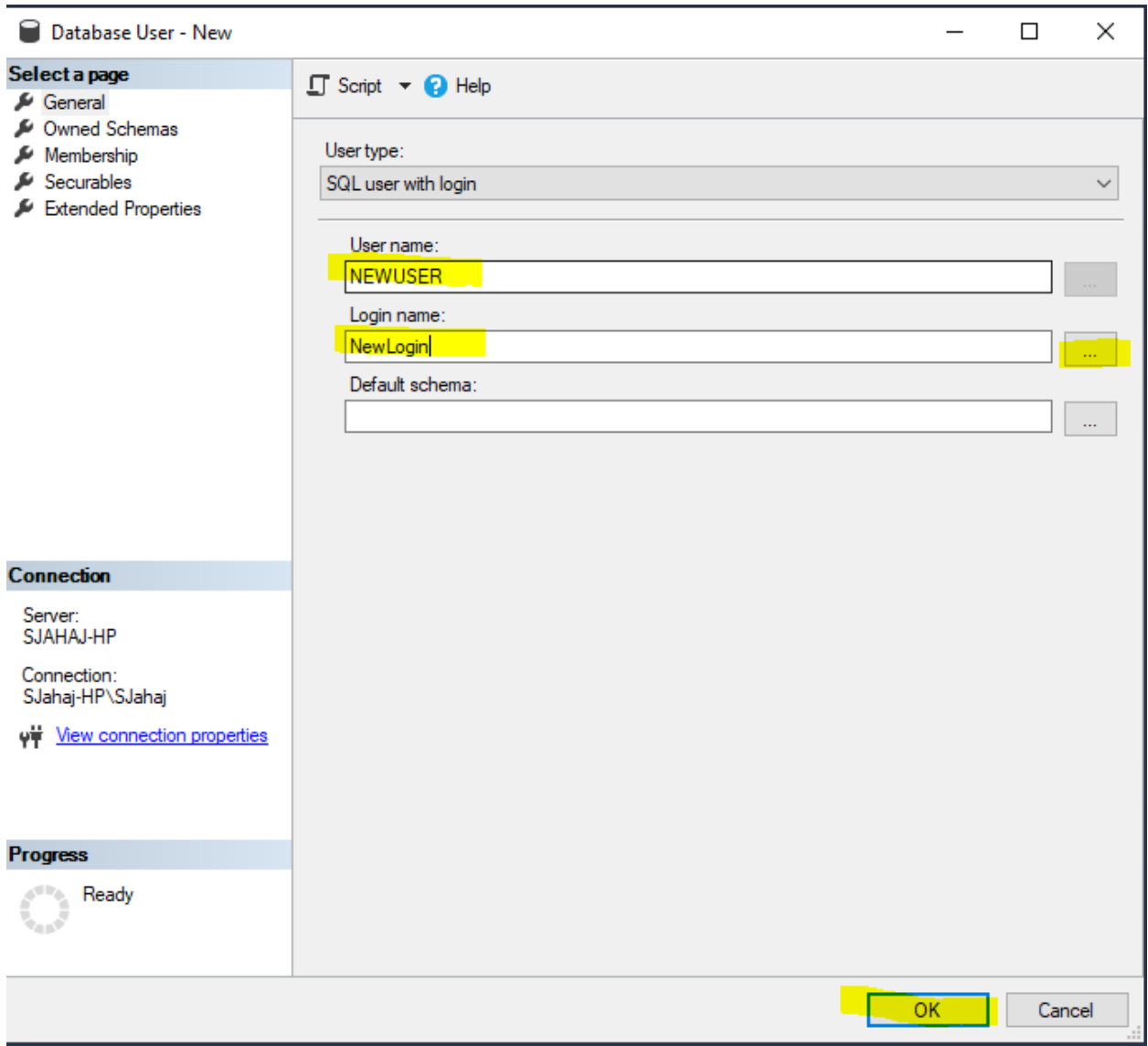
Ready



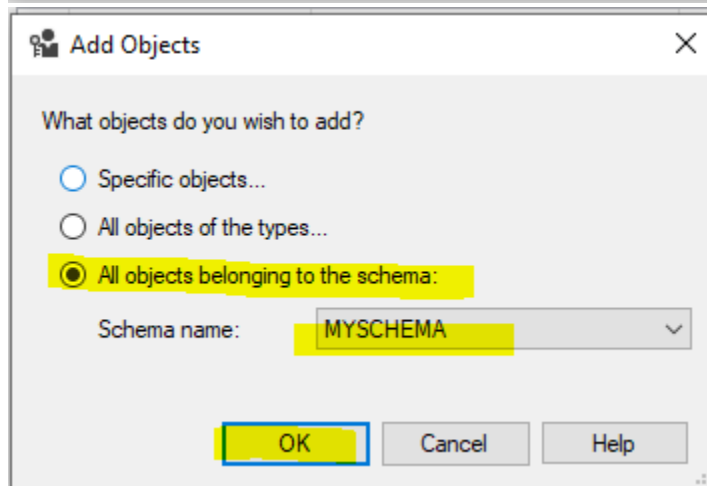
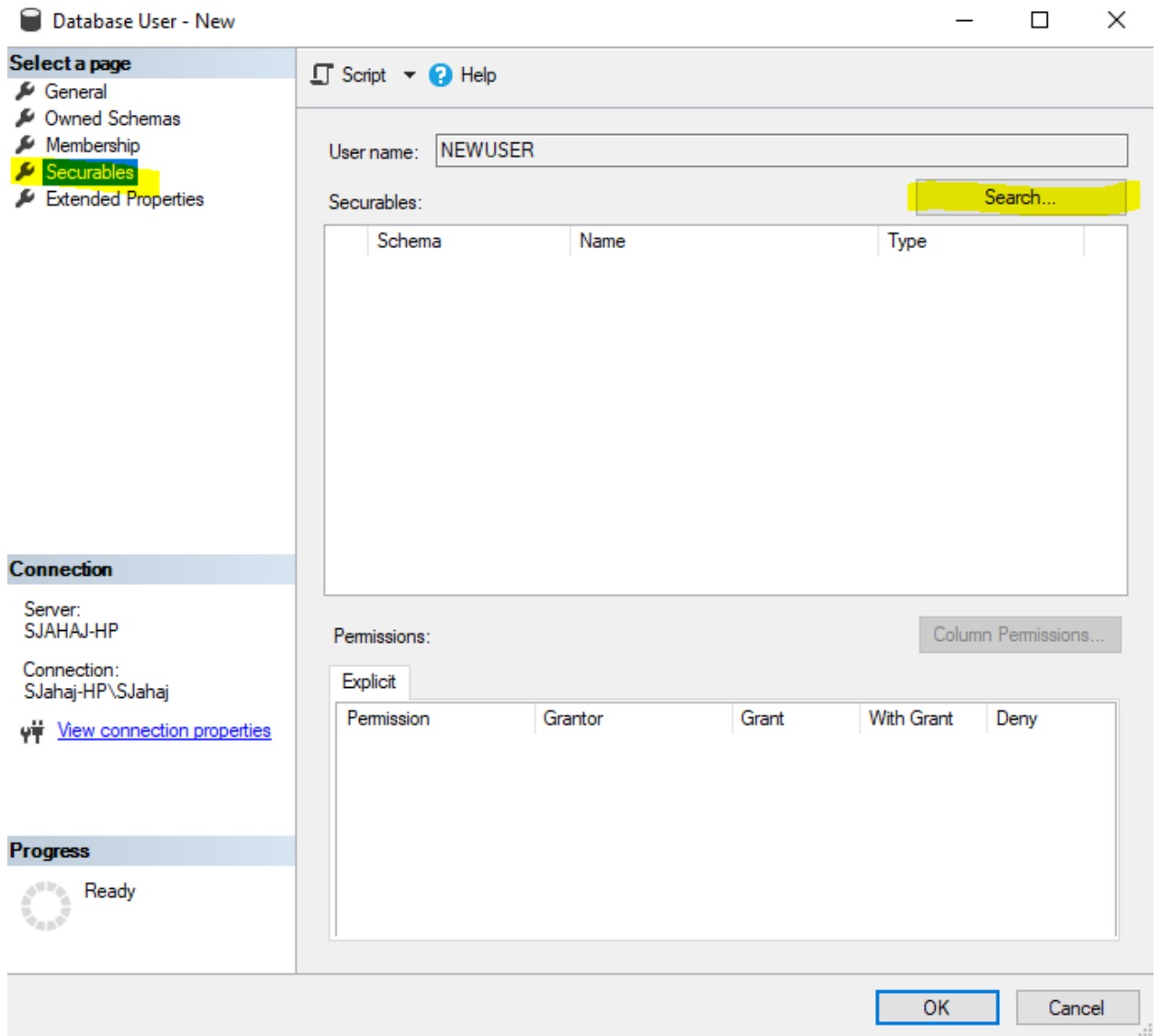
6. Expand Databases, then expand your custom DB, then expand Security



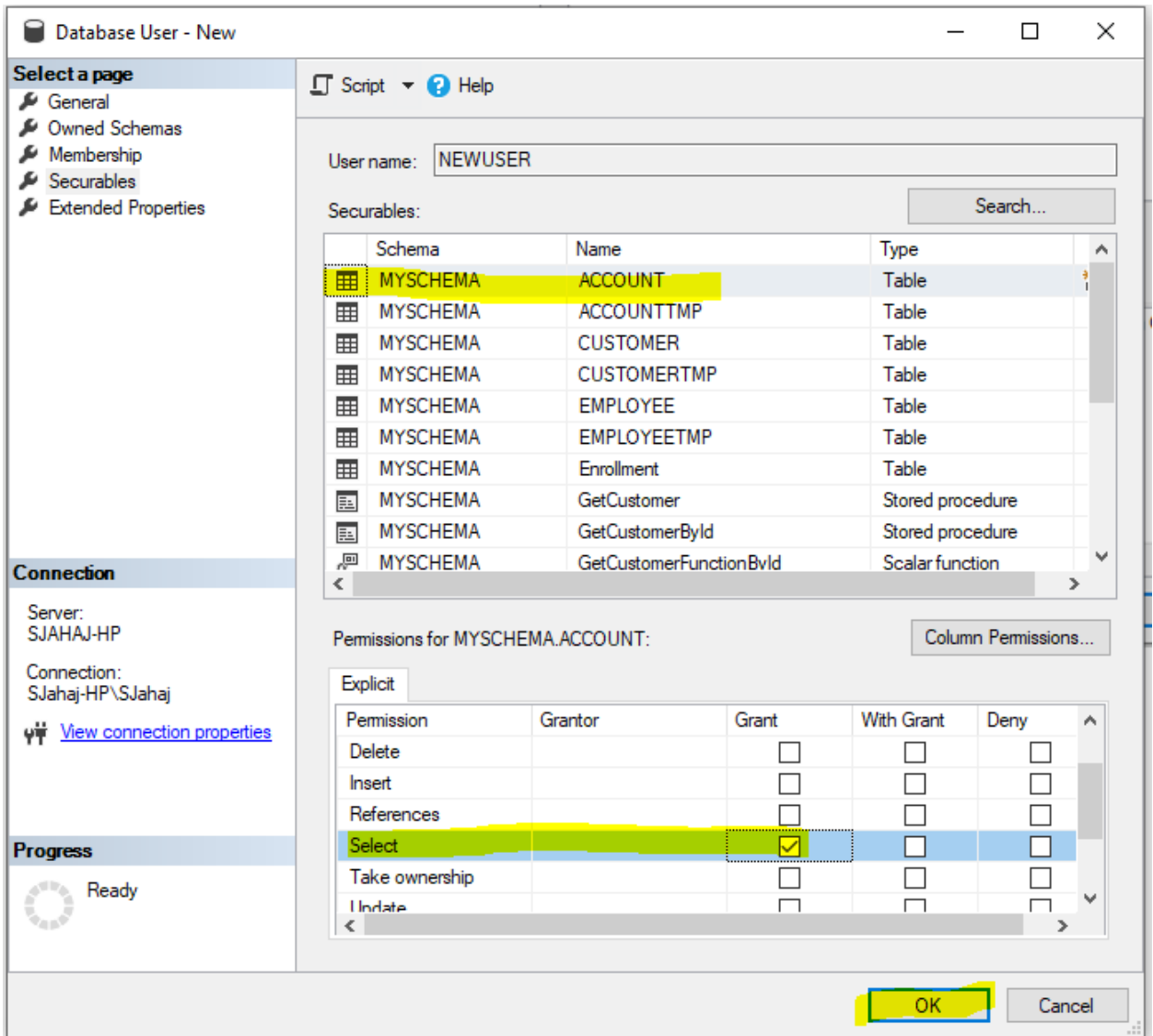
7. Right click on Users, then select New User ...
Enter user name, for Login name enter the newly created login name (or click on the button to the right of the login name, to identify the login name), then click OK

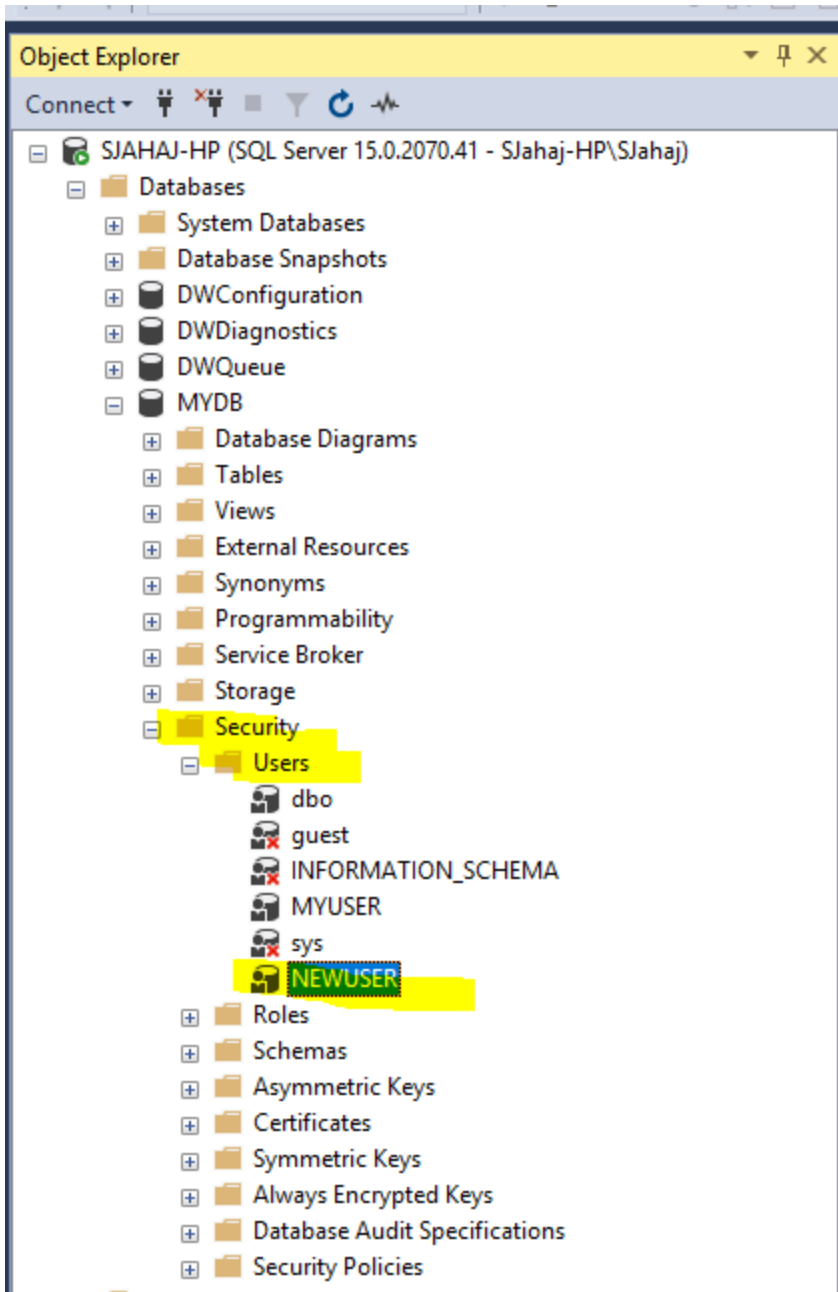


8. Select Securables on the same dialog, then click on Search ...



9. Select the list of Securables and their permissions, then click OK





10. In the Object Explorer, right click on the server name, then select Connect ...
Change the Authentication mode to SQL Server Authentication, and then enter the new login name and password created from step 5

Connect to Server

SQL Server

Server type: Database Engine

Server name: SJAHAJ-HP

Authentication: SQL Server Authentication

Login: NewLogin

Password: *****

Remember password

Connect Cancel Help Options >>

- If the connection fails, connect with Windows Authentication

Connect to Server

SQL Server

Server type: Database Engine

Server name: SJAHAJ-HP

Authentication: Windows Authentication

User name: SJahaj-HP\SJahaj

Password:

Remember password

Connect Cancel Help Options >>

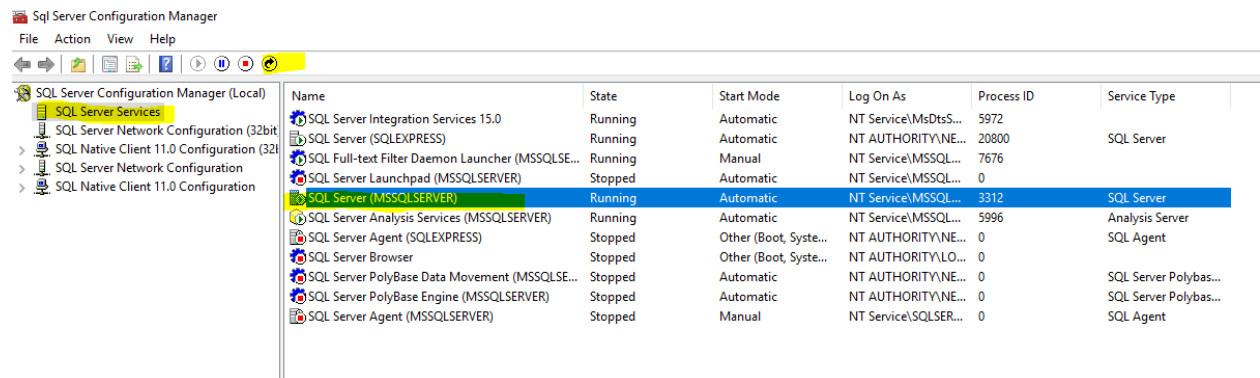
- Open a new SQLQuery window (right click on your custom DB, then select New Query), then execute the following statements

```

sp_configure 'show advanced options', 1;
go
reconfigure
go
sp_configure 'user connections', 0
go
reconfigure
go

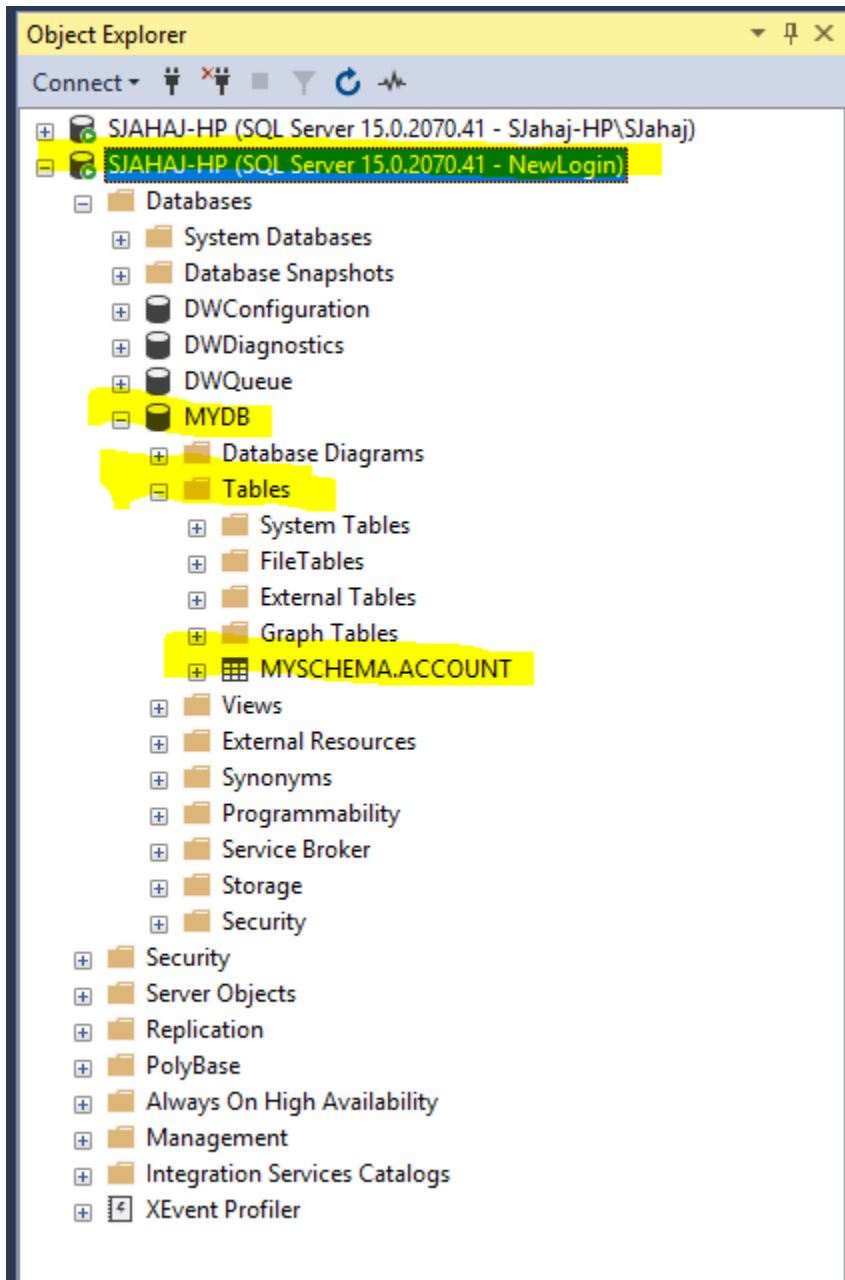
```

- Restarting MS SQL Server service is required. Shutdown Microsoft SQL Management Studio.
- Start SQL Server Configuration Manager, restart the service (menu option Action → Restart)



- Start Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio, connect as shown in step 10

11. Verify the list of securables from step 9 are available



Part II

DDL and DCL commands

In order to execute the commands successfully, the following DB objects should exist

Schema: MYSCHEMA

Tables: ACCOUNT, CUSTOMER, EMPLOYEE, and MAP

-- create login

```
CREATE LOGIN MYLOGIN WITH PASSWORD = '12345';
```

-- create user

```
CREATE USER MYUSER FOR LOGIN MYLOGIN;
```

-- assign grants

```
GRANT SELECT ON MYSCHEMA.ACCOUNT TO MYUSER;  
GRANT INSERT ON MYSCHEMA.CUSTOMER TO MYUSER;  
GRANT UPDATE ON MYSCHEMA.EMPLOYEE TO MYUSER;  
GRANT SELECT ON MYSCHEMA.MAP TO MYUSER;  
GRANT DELETE ON MYSCHEMA.MAP TO MYUSER;
```

-- start the MS SQL Server Management Studio, change the Authentication mode to SQL Server Authentication, and then enter the new login name and password created from above.

-- revoke grants

```
REVOKE SELECT ON MYSCHEMA.MAP FROM MYUSER;  
REVOKE DELETE ON MYSCHEMA.MAP FROM MYUSER;  
REVOKE UPDATE ON MYSCHEMA.EMPLOYEE FROM MYUSER;  
REVOKE INSERT ON MYSCHEMA.CUSTOMER FROM MYUSER;  
REVOKE SELECT ON MYSCHEMA.ACCOUNT FROM MYUSER;
```

-- drop user

```
DROP USER MYUSER;
```

-- drop login

```
DROP LOGIN MYLOGIN;
```