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A Lesson on Hatred from the Annals of Logan County History

Aaron Barlow
CUNY New York City College of Technology

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A lesson on hatred from the annals of Logan County history

by Aaron Barlow

Logan County Sheriff John Carmen Sullivan was a popular figure in the county during the 1890s. His grandson, Seymour Newlin, was lynched in 1894. Sullivan was a White supremacist who believed in the inferiority of African Americans and frequently advocated for the segregation of races. He was a member of the Ku Klux Klan, which was a group of White supremacists who sought to enforce racial segregation and white supremacy through violence and intimidation.

On April 15, 1894, Seymour Newlin, was lynched in Rushsylvania, Logan County, Ohio. Newlin was an African-American man who had been accused of assault and battery. He was arrested and taken to the Logan County Jail. A mob gathered outside the jail and demanded that Newlin be released. When the sheriff attempted to prevent the mob from entering the jail, the mob broke down the jail door and lynched Newlin.

As a result of the lynching, the federal government passed the Logan Act, which made it a federal offense to participate in a lynching or to prevent a lynching from occurring. The Act was a significant step in the fight against lynching and other forms of racial violence.

In addition to the federal government's action, the state of Ohio also took steps to address the issue of lynching. The state legislature passed a law that made lynching a capital offense, and the governor of the state appointed a commission to investigate the issue. The Commission on the Prevention of Lynching was established, and it conducted hearings and collected evidence. The Commission's report, which was released in 1895, documented the extent of lynching in the state and made recommendations for its prevention.

The Logan Act and the工作 of the Commission on the Prevention of Lynching were important steps in the fight against lynching and other forms of racial violence. They demonstrated that the federal and state governments were committed to addressing the issue and that lynching was a serious crime that required action.

Although the work of the Commission on the Prevention of Lynching was significant, much more needs to be done to address the issue of lynching and other forms of racial violence. Lynching remains a scourge in the United States, and it is essential that we continue to work towards its prevention and the facilitation of justice for all.

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**Erin Brier**

**Managing Editor**

**The Lima News**

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**A Diplomat in the White House**

by John F. Kennedy

The title of this book, "A Diplomat in the White House," is a reference to John F. Kennedy's tenure as the 35th President of the United States. During his presidency, Kennedy was known for his commitment to foreign policy and his diplomatic efforts to engage with other countries and reduce tensions in the world. The book provides insights into his approach to international relations and his foreign policy initiatives.